(c) The import duty *of* natural rubber has been 25 per cent since 22-4-93.

(d) Yes Sir. Exporters of rubber goods are allowed to import NR against Advance Licensing Scheme. The quantity thus imported is as follow*:

Year	Qty.
1991-92 . . .	14,500 tonnes
1992-93 . . .	16,498 ..
1993-94 . . .	17,253 ..
1994-95 . . .	6,394 ..
(Upto Nov. '94 provisional)	

Import Of consumer goods

853. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Gooverwaeitt propose to allow the import of selective consunaar goods; and

(b) if so, what decision, if any, has been taken by Government in this regard, Stating

(i) the conditionalities attached to tse consumer goods import;

(ii) its impact on the domestic prie structure of the consumer goods; and

(iii) its likely effect on the domestic production particularly on the small scale sector?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): la) and (b) Under thy current Export and Import Policy, import of Consumer goods including consumer durables is not permitted except against a licence or in accordane with a Public Notice issued in this regard. The review of the Export and Import Policy is an on-going process and changes in it are made from time to time, as and when considered necessary.

Trade with 'East European countries

854, DR. NAUNIHAL SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are planning to expand trade wits East European Countries, if so, the details thereof;

(b) what are the distinct advantages Government envisage in expanding trade with East European Countries; and

(c) what is the total value of trade (both exp-orts and imports) with the East European Countries, country-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM:

(a) The Government of India has a strategy to expand trade and economic relations with East European nations. The principal policy thrust to expand trade and economic relations with East European nations, which is being followed by the Ministry of Commerce and Govt. of India, is outlined below:—

(i) Signing of new bilateral framework agreements on trade and economic cooperation with the emergent countries of the former Soviet Union and East Europe and substitution of rupee payment trade by standard convertible currency trading agreements.

Ji) Evoiution of a more liberal credit policy vis-a-vis CIS states (credits worth US $ 55 million have already been advanced to Central Asian Republics):

(iii) Liberalisation of the countertrade regime with East European Countries;

(iv) Liboralisation, in consultation with RBI, of consignment exports and warehousing regulations;

(v) Identification and development of mote viable transport and transit routes—commissioning of a multisectoral study transit routes to Central Asia via Iran: initiatives on development of the port of Nevorossisk for trade with Russia;